

FK 500A

ON-OFF single output digital humidity/pressure regulator

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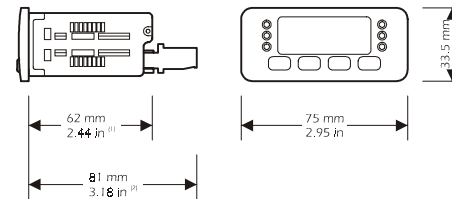
ENGLISH

smart guide

1 PREPARATIONS

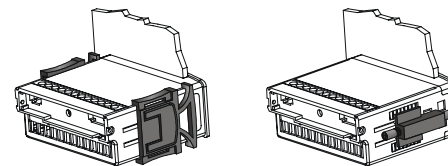
1.1 How to install the instrument

Panel mounting, panel cut out 71 x 29 mm (2.79 x 1.14 in), with click brackets (they are supplied by the builder) or screw brackets (by request).



(1) maximum depth with screw terminal blocks (by request)

(2) maximum depth with extractable terminal blocks (standard model).



installation with click brackets (on the left-hand side, they are supplied by the builder)

and screw brackets (on the right-hand side, by request); if you are using screw brackets, you have to moderate the clamping torque, in order not to damage the box and screw brackets.

2 OPERATION

2.1 Preliminary information

During the normal operation the instrument shows the process variable.

2.2 How to silence the buzzer

If you have to silence the buzzer:

- press

3 WORKING SETPOINT

3.1 How to set the working setpoint

If you have to modify the working setpoint value:

- press
- press or within 2 s (3) (4)
- press

(3) you can set the working setpoint between the limits you have set with the parameters rA1 and rA2

(4) unless the parameter rA5 has value 0, you can not modify the working setpoint.

4 CONFIGURATION PARAMETERS

4.1 How to set the configuration parameters

Configuration parameters are arranged on two levels.

If you have to gain access the first level:

- press and for 4 s ; the instrument will show **PA**

If you have to select a parameter:

- press or

If you have to modify the value of the parameter:

- press
- press or within 2 s
- press

If you have to gain access the second level:

- gain access the first level
- press or for selecting **PA**
- press
- press or within 2 s for setting **"-19"**
- press

- press and for 4 s : the instrument will show

If you have to quit the procedure:

- press and for 4 s or do not operate for about 60 s.

5 SIGNALS

5.1 Signals

LED	MEANING
out	Load LED if it is lighted, the load will be ON if it flashes, a load delay will be running (look at the parameters CA0, CA1, CA2 and CA4)
%r.H.	Relative humidity LED if it is lighted, the unit of measure of the process variable is relative humidity
bar	Bar LED if it is lighted, the unit of measure of the process variable is bar

INDICAT.	MEANING
---	you can not modify the working setpoint (look at the parameter rA5)

6 ALARMS

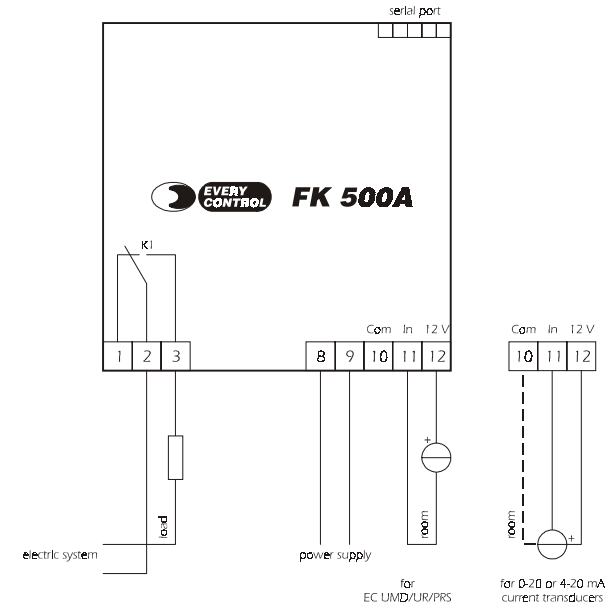
6.1 Alarms

CODE	REASONS	REMEDIES	EFFECTS
E2 corrupted memory data	there is the corruption of the configuration data of the memory of the instrument	switch off the power supply of the instrument: unless the alarm disappears, you will have to change the instrument	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> you can not gain access the setting procedures the load will be forced OFF
E0 room probe alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> the kind of room probe you have connected is not right the room probe plays up the connection instrument-room probe is wrong 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> look at the parameter /0 test the integrity of the probe test the instrument-probe connection 	the load will be forced to the status you have set with the parameter CA3

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> the process variable is outside the limits allowed by the working range of the instrument 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> test the process variable close to the probe (it has to be between the limits allowed by the working range) 	
AL1 first process variable alarm	the process variable is outside the limit you have set with the parameter AA1	test the process variable close to the probe (look at the parameters AA0, AA1 and AA4)	no effects
AL2 second process variable alarm	the process variable is outside the limit you have set with the parameter Ab1	test the process variable close to the probe (look at the parameters Ab0, Ab1 and Ab4)	no effects
SAT saturation of the display (the buzzer will not be activated)	the process variable is outside the limit you have set with the parameter rA7	test the process variable close to the probe (look at the parameters /3, /9, /r and rA7)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> if the parameter /9 has value 1, the instrument will work as if the process variable were always the value you have set with the parameter rA7 if the parameter /9 has value 3 or 4, the instrument will not consider process variable values above the one you have set with the parameter /7

9 ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

9.1 Electrical connection



AA4	1	7	—	1	kind of process variable alarm (1 = it will never be activated, 2 = absolute lower process variable alarm, 3 = absolute upper process variable alarm, 4 = lower process variable alarm relative to the working setpoint, 5 = upper process variable alarm relative to the working setpoint, 6 = lower process variable alarm relative to the working setpoint with automatic calculation and enabling, 7 = upper process variable alarm relative to the working setpoint with automatic calculation and enabling)
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LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	SECOND ALARM
Ab0	0.1	999	%r.H./bar ⁽⁵⁾	0.1	hysteresis (differential, it is relative to Ab1, it is important if Ab4 ≠ 1)
Ab1	-99	999	%r.H./bar ⁽⁵⁾	0.0	second process variable alarm threshold (it is important if Ab4 ≠ 1); look at Ab4 as well
Ab3	0	999	s	0	second process variable alarm exclusion time since you turn the instrument ON (it is important if Ab4 ≠ 1)
Ab4	1	7	—	1	kind of process variable alarm (1 = it will never be activated, 2 = absolute lower process variable alarm, 3 = absolute upper process variable alarm, 4 = lower process variable alarm relative to the working setpoint, 5 = upper process variable alarm relative to the working setpoint, 6 = lower process variable alarm relative to the working setpoint with automatic calculation and enabling, 7 = upper process variable alarm relative to the working setpoint with automatic calculation and enabling)


LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	SERIAL NETWORK (EVCOBUS)
L1	1	15	—	1	instrument address
L2	0	7	—	0	instrument group
L4	0	3	—	1	baud rate (0 = 1,200 baud, 1 = 2,400 baud, 2 = 4,800 baud, 3 = 9,600 baud)

(5) the unit of measure depends on the parameter /d

(6) if the parameter rA3 has value 0, you have to set the parameter rA0 with positive sign; if the parameter rA3 has value 1, you have to set the parameter rA0 with negative sign

(7) if the parameter /9 has value 0, the parameter will not be showed

(8) the value depends on the range of the transducer the instrument has been preset

(9) if the parameter has value 3 or 4, press  to show the process variable

(10) if the immediate change of the process variable is minor than the one you have set with the parameter, the process variable will be updated every 7.5 s by an algorithm of the instrument

(11) if the parameter has value 2, no LED will indicate the unit of measure of the process variable.

process	the process variable is	test the process variable	▪ if the parameter /9
variable/working setpoint value	outside the limit you have set with the parameter rA6 or rA7	able close to the probe (look at the parameters /9, /r, rA6 and rA7)	has value 1, the instrument will work as if the process variable were always the value you have set with the parameter rA6 or rA7
process variable out of scale (the buzzer will not be activated)			▪ if the parameter /9 has value 3 or 4, the instrument will not consider process variable values below the one you have set with the parameter /6 and above the one you have set with the parameter /7

The instrument shows the indications above alternated with the process variable, except the indications "E2", "E0" and "SAT" (they flash) and the buzzer utters an intermittent beep.

7 TECHNICAL DATA

7.1 Technical data

Box: self-extinguishing grey.

Size: 75 x 33.5 x 81 mm (2.95 x 1.31 x 3.18 in) the model with extractable terminal blocks (standard model), 75 x 33.5 x 62 mm (2.95 x 1.31 x 2.44 in) the model with screw terminal blocks (by request).

Installation: panel mounting, panel cut out 71 x 29 mm (2.79 x 1.14 in), with click brackets (they are supplied by the builder) or screw brackets (by request).

Frontal protection: IP 65.

Connections: extractable terminal blocks with pitch 5 mm (0.19 in, standard model) for cables up to 2.5 mm² (0.38 sq in, power supply, input and output) or screw terminal blocks with pitch 5 mm (0.19 in, by request) for cables up to 2.5 mm² (0.38 sq in, power supply, input and output), 5 poles single line male connector with pitch 2.5 mm (0.09 in, serial port).

Ambient temperature: from 0 to 55 °C (32 to 131 °F; 10 ... 90% of relative humidity without condensate).

Power supply: 12-24 Vac/dc, 50/60 Hz, 1.5 VA (standard model) or 12 Vac/dc,

50/60 Hz, 1.5 VA (by request).

Alarm buzzer: included.

Measure inputs: 1 (room probe) for 0-20 or 4-20 mA current transducers.

At terminal 12 there are 12 V you can use in order to supply the transducer.

Working range: configurable (it depends on the range of the transducer).

Setpoint range: from -99 to 999 %r.H./bar.

Resolution: 0.1 or 1 %r.H./bar.

Display: one red LED 3-digit display 13.2 mm (0.51 in) high, output status indicator, process variable unit of measure indicators.

Outputs: one 10 A @ 250 Vac relay (change-over contact).

Serial port: TTL with EVCOBUS communication protocol (for the configurator/cloner system CLONE and supervision system RICS).

8 WORKING SETPOINT AND CONFIGURATION PARAMETERS

8.1 Working setpoint

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	WORKING SETPOINT
rA1	rA2	%r.H./bar ⁽⁵⁾	0.0		working setpoint

8.2 First level parameters

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	PASSWORD
PA	-90	100	—	0	password

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	MEASURE INPUTS
/1	-25	25.0	%r.H./bar ⁽⁵⁾	0.0	room probe calibration

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	REGULATOR
rA0	-99	99.9	%r.H./bar ⁽⁵⁾	-0.2	hysteresis (differential, it is relative to the working setpoint); look at rA4 as well ⁽⁶⁾

8.3 Second level parameters

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	MEASURE INPUTS
/0	30	31	—	30	kind of probe (30 = 4-20 mA, 31 = 0-20 mA)
/1	-25	25.0	%r.H./bar ⁽⁵⁾	0.0	room probe calibration
/2	0	6	—	3	probe reading speed (0 = fast, ..., 6 = slow)
/3	0	1	—	0	indication "SAT" flashing on the display during the saturation of the display (it is important if /9 ≠ 0; 1 = YES) ⁽⁷⁾
/5	0	1	—	1	process variable resolution (0 = 1 %r.H./bar, 1 = 0.1 %r.H./bar)
/6	-99	999	points	⁽⁸⁾	minimum value of the range of the transducer
/7	-99	999	points	⁽⁸⁾	maximum value of the range of the transducer
/9	0	4	—	0	display mode (0 = during the normal operation the instrument shows the process variable, 1 = during the normal operation the instrument shows the process variable, as soon as the process variable falls below the threshold you have set with the parameter rA6 or rises above the threshold you have set with the parameter rA7 the instrument will show the value of the threshold flashing and the instrument will work as if the process variable were always the value you have set with the parameter rA6 or with the parameter rA7, 2 = during the normal operation the instrument shows the process variable, as soon as the process variable falls below the threshold you have set with the parameter rA6 or rises above the threshold you have set with the parameter rA7 the instrument will show the value of the threshold flashing, 3 = during the normal operation the instrument shows the working setpoint value, as soon as the process variable falls below the threshold you have set with the parameter rA6 or rises above the threshold you have set with the parameter rA7 the instrument will show the working setpoint value flashing, the instrument will not consider process variable values below the one you have set with the parameter /6 and above the one you have set with the

					parameter /7, 4 = during the normal operation the instrument shows the working setpoint value, as soon as the process variable falls below the threshold you have set with the parameter rA6 or rises above the threshold you have set with the parameter rA7 the instrument will show the process variable flashing, the instrument will not consider process variable values below the one you have set with the parameter /6 and above the one you have set with the parameter /7) ⁽⁹⁾
/b	0.0	25.0	%r.H./bar ⁽⁸⁾	0.0	minimum immediate change of the process variable in order that it can immediately be considered by the instrument (0.0 = the function will not be enabled) ⁽¹⁰⁾
/d	0	2	—	1	process variable unit of measure (0 = bar, 1 = %r.H., 2 = dimensionless) ⁽¹¹⁾
/r	0	1	—	0	kind of process variable value the instrument freezes the display (kind of rA6 and rA7, it is important if /9 ≠ 0; 0 = absolute, 1 = relative to the working setpoint) ⁽⁷⁾

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	REGULATOR
rA0	-99	99.9	%r.H./bar ⁽⁵⁾	-0.2	hysteresis (differential, it is relative to the working setpoint); look at rA4 as well ⁽⁶⁾
rA1	-99	rA2	%r.H./bar ⁽⁵⁾	⁽⁸⁾	minimum value you can assign to the working setpoint
rA2	rA1	999	%r.H./bar ⁽⁵⁾	⁽⁸⁾	maximum value you can assign to the working setpoint
rA3	0	1	—	0	direct or reverse action (0 = direct action)
rA4	0	1	—	0	kind of hysteresis (0 = asymmetrical, 1 = symmetrical)
rA5	0	1	—	0	working setpoint modification lock-out (1 = YES)
rA6	-99	rA7	%r.H./bar ⁽⁵⁾	0.0	lower process variable value the instrument freezes the display (it is important if /9 ≠ 0); look at /r as well
rA7	rA6	999	%r.H./bar ⁽⁵⁾	100	upper process variable value the instrument freezes the display (it is important if /9 ≠ 0); look at /r as well

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	LOAD PROTECTION
CA0	0	999	s	0	minimum delay between you turn the instrument ON and the first load activation
CA1	0	999	s	0	minimum delay between two load activation in succession
CA2	0	999	s	0	minimum delay between the load gets OFF and the following activation
CA3	0	1	—	0	load status during the room probe alarm (0 = it will be forced OFF; 1 = it will be forced ON)
CA4	0	1	—	0	fixed delay since the load gets ON and OFF (1 = YES, for 3 s)

LABEL	MIN.	MAX.	U.M.	DEF.	FIRST ALARM
AA0	0.1	999	%r.H./bar ⁽⁵⁾	0.1	hysteresis (differential, it is relative to AA1, it is important if AA4 ≠ 1)
AA1	-99	999	%r.H./bar ⁽⁵⁾	0.0	first process variable alarm threshold (it is important if AA4 ≠ 1); look at AA4 as well
AA3	0	999	s	0	first process variable alarm exclusion time since you turn the instrument ON (it is important if AA4 ≠ 1)